# Vickers Laboratories Ltd - Safety Data Sheet

1234

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 1.2 Revision date: 16 April 2021 Date printed: 03 February 2023

# **Section 1. Identification**

1.1 Product Identifier 1234

Product Name 2-METHOXYETHANOL pure

CAS Number 109-86-4

REACH Registration No 01-2119494721-33-XXXX

Molecular Formula CH, OCH, CH, OH =76.10

### 1.2 Relevent identified uses of the substance or mixure & uses advised against

Uses of Material Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.

#### 1.3 Supplier Vickers Laboratories Ltd



Grangefield Industrial Estate

Richardshaw Road

Pudsey

West Yorkshire LS28 6OW

UNITED KINGDOM

 Phone
 44 0113 2362811

 Fax
 +44(0)113 2362703

 Email
 safety@viclabs.co.uk

 Website
 www.viclabs.co.uk

**1.4 Emergency Telephone** (08:00-16:30) +44(0) 113 2362811

(24hr) 112 (Have this document to hand)

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Flammable liquid, category 3

Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral)

Acute toxicity, category 4 (dermal)

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity, category 4 (inhalation) H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Reproductive toxicity, category 1B H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms







Hazard Statements Flammable liquid and vapour. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact

with skin. Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

# **Section 3. Composition**

#### 3.1 Substances

Component	CAS No.	EEC No.	REACH No.	Conc w/w	CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	203-713-7	01-2119494721-33-XXXX	>99%	Flam. Liq. 3,Acute Tox. 4 (O),Acute Tox. 4 (D),Acute Tox. 4 (I),Repr. 1B

### Section 4. First Aid

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eves Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. OBTAIN MEDICAL

ATTENTION.

Wash off skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re-use. If Skin

discomfort persists OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Inhalation Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If

breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery

position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Ingestion If conscious give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen

if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Personal protection for first Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

### **Section 5. Fire Fighting**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing Media Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Use water spray to keep fire exposed

containers cool.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards Vapour-air mixtures are explosive.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-fighters should wear

protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Avoid breathing vapour. Use approved personal protective equipment. Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow

general use of area until it is safe to do so. Beware: vapour is heavier than air and will tend to accumulate at low

spots.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local

Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to salvage container for removal. Wash area down with

detergent and copious amounts of water.

Minor Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to container for removal. Allow solvent to evaporate in

remote area, then dispose of absorbent as solid chemical waste. Wash area down with detergent and copious

amounts of water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

### Section 7. Storage & Handling

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

All transfer systems should be earthed to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath vapours. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains vapour concentrations below the recommended limits.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well ventilated, cool, dry storage. Protect from direct sun and store away from sources of ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep well separated from oxidising agents.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

# Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Component	CAS No	Concentration	Workplace Exposure Limits				
			Long Term (8hr TWA)		Short Term 15min period)		
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	>99%	1.0 ppm	-	-	-	

Exposure data source(s) IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value.

8.2 Exposure controls

maintained chemical cartridge organic vapour respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.

Hand Protection Use solvent resistant gloves.

Skin Protection Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.

Special Hazards No special precautions required.

# Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear colourless liquid.

Odour Ethereal.
pH Not applicable
Boiling Point 124.5 °C
Melting Point -85 °C

Flash Point 38 °C (Open cup)

Upper Flammable Limit 14% Lower Flammable Limit 2.5% Auto Ignition 285 °C

Explosive Properties Moderate/severe in confined spaces.

Oxidising Properties No.

9.5 mmHg @ 25°C Vapour Pressure

0.9660 Relative Density

Water Solubility Completely miscible in water.

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available.

## Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No data available.

Stable under normal conditions 10.2 Chemical Stability

**10.3** Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid Hot surfaces, naked flames or other sources of ignition.

**10.5** Incompatable Materials Strong oxidising agents. Hydrogen peroxide, chromium trioxide and potassium permanganate.

None unusual. Burning will produce smoke, carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition

Products

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Eyes The liquid or concentrated vapour will cause moderate irritation to the eye producing acute pain, inflammation of

the conjunctiva and corneal clouding which will persist for several days.

Skin The liquid is mildly irritating to the skin. Skin absorbtion may be an important exposure route producing toxic

effects similar to inhalation.

LD50 Skin 3930 mg/Kg Rabbit

Ingestion Ingestion will cause gastrointestinal irritation. Ingestion of large amounts may cause liver and kidney damage.

LD50 Oral 2257 mg/Kg Rat

Inhalation Blood changes, central nervous system toxicity, kidney and liver damage have been observed in exposed workers.

Toxic effects on the blood resemble those observed following exposure to benzene and include anaemia and bone

marrow damage. Tremors, agitation, headache and lethargy are reversible symptoms of exposure.

LD50 Inhalation 12.4 - 17.8 mg/L Rat (4 hours)

**TCLo** Not available

Carcinogenicity No information is available. Mutagenicity Not considered to be a mutagen.

Reproductive Effects Teratogen category 1. In laboratory animals and human exposures, a decrease in sperm count, sperm

abnormalities, and a degeneration of the testes have been observed. Significant maternal toxicity, embryotoxic

effects and teratogenic effects occur.

Other Information It is regarded as posing a significant risk to exposed workers and hence low MEL's have been set.

# Section 12. Ecological

12.1 Toxicity Readily bio-degraded in the environment.

LC50 Algal Not available

LC50 Crustacea 10000 mg/L Daphnia (24 hours)

LC50 Fish 10000 mg/L Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) (48 hours)

12.2 Persistence and Readily bio-degraded in the environment.

degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 12.4 Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB

12.6 Other adverse effects

Assessment not required.

assessment

None known at present.

# **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal Methods Dispose of in a licensed incinerator for organic solvents. Do not dispose of as domestic waste. Never dispose of

into water courses or sewerage systems due to high risk of explosion.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer. Do not attempt to burn any residual liquids due to risk of explosion.

### **Section 14. Transport Information**

**14.1 UN Number** 1188

14.2 Proper Shipping Name Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether

14.3 Transport classes

UN classification 3
Subsidiary hazard(s) None
Transport category 3
ADR Hazard ID 30
Tunnel Restriction Code D/E

14.4 Packing Group III

**14.5 Environment hazards** See section 12.

14.6 Special precautions for No special precautions required.

user

**14.7 Transport in bulk** Not transported in bulk.

# Section 15. Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environment regulations specific for subtance/mixture.

### Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Classification Flammable liquid, category 3; Acute toxicity, category 4 (oral); Acute toxicity, category 4 (dermal); Acute toxicity,

category 4 (inhalation); Reproductive toxicity, category 1B

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms







Hazard Statements H226, H360, H332, H312, H302

Flammable liquid and vapour. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact

with skin. Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements P233, P280, P261, P301+P310, P331

Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Assessment not required.

### **Section 16. Other Information**

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

Revision number: 1.2 (Supercedes revision 1.1)

Revision date: 16 April 2021

Reviewed by chemist: 16 April 2021

Printed date: 03 February 2023

Copyright: 2023 Vickers Laboratories Ltd