# Vickers Laboratories Ltd - Safety Data Sheet

C--- (TC) 1272/2009)

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 1.2

Revision date: 16 April 2021 Date printed: 03 February 2023

# **Section 1. Identification**

1.1 Product Identifier 0075

Product Name ANILINE pure

CAS Number 62-53-3

REACH Registration No 01-2119451454-41-XXXX

Molecular Formula C, H, NH, =93.13

### 1.2 Relevent identified uses of the substance or mixure & uses advised against

Uses of Material Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.

#### 1.3 Supplier Vickers Laboratories Ltd



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(Have this document to hand)

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Acute toxicity, category 3 (oral)

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, category 3 (dermal)

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity, category 3 (inhalation) H331: Toxic if inhaled.

Serious eye damage/irritation, category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitization, category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2 H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity, category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1 H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms









Hazard Statements Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Toxic if swallowed, inhaled and in contact

with skin. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves / protective

clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

# Section 3. Composition

#### 3.1 Substances

| Component | CAS No. | EEC No.   | REACH No.             | Conc w/w | CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)  |
|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|--|
| Aniline   | 62-53-3 | 200-539-3 | 01-2119451454-41-XXXX | >98.5%   | Acute Tox. 3 (O), Acute Tox. 3 (D), Acute Tox. 3 (I), Eye Dam. 1, Skin Sens. 1, Muta. 2, Carc. 2, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Chronic 1 |

# Section 4. First Aid

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eyes Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. OBTAIN MEDICAL

ATTENTION.

Skin Thoroughly wash off skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately avoiding

contamination of unaffected areas.

Inhalation Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If

breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION

URGENTLY.

Ingestion Wash out the patients mouth thoroughly with water. If conscious give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce

vomiting. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Personal protection for first Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

aiders

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

# Section 5. Fire Fighting

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam, dry powder, or carbon dioxide. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards Vapour-air mixtures are explosive.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-fighters should wear

protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

# Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Ensure no sources of ignition. Only re-enter area with full protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Do not

allow other people to enter area. Do not allow general use of area until it is safe to do so.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local

Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to container for removal. Wash area down with copious

amounts of water.

Minor Spillage Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

### Section 7. Storage & Handling

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath vapours. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains vapour concentrations below the recommended limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well ventilated, cool, dry storage. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

# Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

| Component | CAS No  | Concentration | Workplace Exposure Limits |                          |
|-----------|---------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|           |         |               | Long Term (8hr TWA)       | Short Term 15min period) |
| Aniline   | 62-53-3 | >98.5%        | 1.0 ppm -                 | 3.0 ppm -                |

Exposure data source(s) IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

maintained chemical cartridge organic vapour respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.

Hand Protection Use solvent resistant gloves.

Skin Protection Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.

Special Hazards No special precautions required.

# Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Straw coloured liquid.
Odour Characteristic amine odour.
pH 8.8 (36g/l) Aqueous solution

Boiling Point 184°C Melting Point -6°C

Flash Point 75°C (Closed cup)

Upper Flammable Limit 11% Lower Flammable Limit 1.3% Auto Ignition 530°C Explosive Properties Slight. Oxidising Properties No.

Vapour Pressure 15mmHg @ 77°C

Relative Density 1.0220

Water Solubility Slightly soluble in water.

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available.

# Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

**10.1** Reactivity No data available.

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions

**10.3** Possibility of hazardous No data available.

reactions

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Hot surfaces, naked flames or other sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatable Materials Acids. Strong oxidising agents. Alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Burning will produce toxic fumes of NOx, carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

Products

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Eyes Both the vapour and liquid may, cause conjunctival irritation and corneal damage.

Skin Toxic in contact with skin. The liquid will be irritating to the skin. May be absorbed through the skin. May cause

an allergic skin reaction.

LD50 Skin 820mg/kg Rabbit

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed. Ingestion will cause similar effects to inhalation.

LD50 Oral 250mg/kg Rat

Inhalation Inhalation of vapour may cause methaemoglobinaemia. cyanosis is evident when the methaemoglobin level

exceeds 15%; the lips, nose and earlobes becoming blue. weakness and dizziness followed by ataxia, dyspnoea

and tachycardia occure at levels above 40%.

LD50 Inhalation 1mg/l Rat (4 hours)

TCLo Not available

Carcinogenicity Historically there is an association of bladder tumours with aromatic amines and the dye industry. But there is no

convincing evidence that aniline itself as been the cause of bladder cancer.

Mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive Effects None identified.

# Section 12. Ecological

**12.1** Toxicity Toxic to aquatic species and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

LC50 Algal Not available

LC50 Crustacea 0.16mg/l Daphnia (48 hours)

LC50 Fish 10.96mg/l Rainbow trout (96 hours)

**12.2** Persistence and Biodegradable.

degradability

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available.12.4 Mobility in soil No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment not required.

assessment

**12.6** Other adverse effects None known at present.

# **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of via an authorised waste disposal contractor to an approved waste disposal site, observing all local and Disposal Methods

national regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer.

# **Section 14. Transport Information**

14.1 UN Number 1547 14.2 Proper Shipping Name Aniline

14.3 Transport classes

UN classification 6.1 Subsidiary hazard(s) None Transport category ADR Hazard ID 60 Tunnel Restriction Code D/E 14.4 Packing Group II

14.5 Environment hazards See section 12.

14.6 Special precautions for No special precautions required.

user

14.7 Transport in bulk Not transported in bulk.



15.1 Safety, health and environment regulations specific for subtance/mixture.

Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Classification Acute toxicity, category 3 (oral); Acute toxicity, category 3 (dermal); Acute toxicity, category 3 (inhalation); Serious

eye damage/irritation, category 1; Skin sensitization, category 1; Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2;

Carcinogenicity, category 2; Spec target organ tox - repeat, category 1; Hazard to aquatic environment, category 1

TOXIC

Signal word Danger

Hazard Pictograms









Hazard Statements H351, H341, H301+H311+H331, H372, H317, H318, H410

> Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Toxic if swallowed, inhaled and in contact with skin. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements P201, P273, P280, P308+P313

> Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Assessment not required.

### **Section 16. Other Information**

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

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